DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS, 50D OCHEAT AVIATION BATTALION APO San Francisco 96318 "FLEING DEECONS"

AVGD-CC

10 August 1968

SUBJECT:

Operational Report of 52d Combat Aviation Battalion for per Ending 31 July 1962, PAR # STORE 55 (R-1) (U)

See Distribution

Section I. Operations (Significant Activities)

- 1. (C) Command: This report covers the period 1 May 1968 through 31 July 1968, and is submitted in compliance with USAPAC REG 525-15, dated 22 March 1968 and UCARY ECG 525-25, dated 13 April 1968.
- a. Mission: The mission of the 52d Combat Aviation Battalion is to command all assigned and attached units and provide aviation support as directed by the 17th Combat Aviation Group to US, Republic of Vietnam, and other Free World Military Assistance Forces. Priorities are to the 4th Industry Division, 24th Special Tactical Zone (STZ-ARVN), 5th Special Forces Group (Airborne) and other units under Operation Control, Headquarters, First Field Force Vietnam, located in the Second Corps Tactical Zone. In addition, the 52d Combat Aviation Battalion commands or controls all activities and functions of Camp Holloway and Holloway Army Airfield.
- b. Organizational Structure: The Headquarters, 52d Combat Aviation Battalion is located at Camp Holloway, Pleiku RVN and is commanded by LTC William C. Chamberlain. Elements subordinate to the 52d Combat Aviation Battalion are: (See inclosure 1 for detailed organizational listing of organic and assigned units, attached units and units under the operational control of this battalion).
 - (1) Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment Camp Holloway, Pleiku RVN.
- (2) 57th Assault Helicopter Company, Kontum RVN. Equipped with UH-1H and UH-1C(A) helicopters.
- (3) 119th Assault Helicopter Company, Camp Holloway, Pleiku RVN. Equipped with UH-1H and UH-1C(A) helicopters.
- (4) 170th Assault Helicopter Company, Camp Holloway, Pleiku RVN. Equipped with UH-1H and UH-1C(1) helicopters.

GROUP&4

Downgraded at 3 year intervals;

Declassified after 12 years.

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4.7

- (5) 189th Assault Helicopter Company, Camp Holloway, Pleiku RVN. Equipped with UH-1H and UH-1C(A) helicopters.
- (6) 361st Aviation Company (ESCORT), Camp Holloway, Pleiku RVN. Equipped with UH-1C(A) and AH-1G helicopters.
- (7) 179th Assault Support Helicopter Company, Camp Holloway, Pleiku RVN. Equipped with CH-47A helicopters.
- (8) 355th Aviation Company (Heavy Helicopter) (-) located at Camp Holloway, Pleiku RVN and 2nd Platoon at Phu Hiep RVN. Equipped with CH-54 helicopters.
- (9) During this reporting period there were two significant changes in organizational structure. The 155th Assault Helicopter Company, Camp Coryell, Ban Me Thuot was reassigned to the 10th Combat Aviation Battalion and secondly, the 361st Aviation Company (ESCORT) was assigned to 52d Combat Aviation Battalion from 12th Combat Aviation Group and relocated to Camp Holloway, Pleiku RVN

2. (C) Personnel

- a. Awards and Decorations: During the reporting period 1,853 awards were processed and 1,573 were awarded. This battalion received 26 Vietnamese awards for valor or service. A decrease in elapse time from submission to final approval of all decorations was noted.
- b. The increased number of assigned aviators during the reporting period has reduced the previous reported aviator shortage to an acceptable level. The known 45 day losses of experienced personnel in critical MOS (Maintenance field), are of particular concern to this command. Infussion is required to preclude further shortages caused by DEROS during the menth of October and January.
 - c. Command and Staff Changes
 - (1) The following command and staff changes were made dates indicated:

Unit	New	Commander	Old Commander	<u>Date</u>
		Daniel A Berry	1LT Robert L Litton	
HHD, 52d CAB	CPT		MuJ Leon D Jackson	
52d CnB	LTC	William C Chamberlain	LTC Raymond G Lehman	Jr 25 July 68
170th Avn Co	$M_{\nu \nu}J$	Carl R Jones	MiJ Robert W Cook	
*361st .vn Co	M_{HJ}		*Indicates newly assi	
*665th TC Det	CPT	George Michel	*Indicates newly assi	
DCO. 52d CAB	LTC	Thomas L Williamson	LTC Robert D Craig	
		James Burton	LTC Thomas L Williams	son 25 July 68

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(2) Following gains and losses occurred during the period May through July 1968:

(a)	Gains	OFF	EM
	May	54	<u>219</u>
	June	41	<u>214</u>
	July	25	<u>186</u>
(b)	Losses	OFF	EM
	May	<u>42</u>	252
	June	<u>50</u>	176
	July	20	208

(3) The battalion is 68 onlisted men and 52 officers and warrant officers below TCE strongth as of 31 July 1968. Unit authorized and present for duty strongths are:

(a) Military

Unit 57th AHC 615th TC	<u>Officers Auth/OH</u> 15/16 1/1	<u>WO Auth/OH</u> 52/44 1/1	EM Auth/OH 152/150 70/62	Total Luth/OH 219/210 74/64
822nd Sig	0/0	1/1	8/9 152/148	9/10 219/206
119th AIG	15/17 1/1	52/41 1/1	70/61	72/63
545th TC 70th Sig	1/0	0/1	9/11	10/12
170th AHC	15/16	52/41	152/140	219/197
405th TC	1/2	1/0	70/59	72/61
148th Sig	0/0	1/1	7/8	9/ප
179th ASHC	13/9	25/20	132/129	170/158
402nd TC	1/1	1/2	80/71	82/74
189th AHC	15/13	52/42	152/150	219/205 72/58
604th TC	1/0	1/1	70/57 8/6	9/7
6th Sig	0/1	1/0 16/11	97/84	129/101
355th Avn Co 662nd TC	16/6 1/1	1/1	57/50	59/52
361st Avn Co		13/12	80/77	109/105
665th TC	1/1	1/1	57/54	59/56
621st Sig	o//o	0/0	6/7	6/7
HHD, 52d CAB	22/25	2/6	87/136	111/167
52d Security		. 0/0	151/130	152/132
68th Radar	0/0	0/0	19/16 8/12	19/16 9/13
94th Med	1/1	0/0	8/10	9/10 9/11
755th Mod	1/1	0/0	07.40	······································
52d CAB	138/130	274/227	1703/1636	2115/1993

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(b)			fare
Unit HHD, 52d CAB 57th AHC 170th AHC 179th ASHC 189th AHC 355th Avn Co 361st Avn Co	0/0 0/0 0/0 0/0 0/0 1/1	VN Auth/OH 19/21 14/14 11/9 11/9 11/10 0/0	3rd Natt Auth/OH 0/0 0/0 0/0 0/0 0/0 0/0 0/0

3. (C) Intelligence: The S-2 Section published a Daily Intelligence Report. On 29 May the S-2 was tasked to provide daily intelligence for 17th Combat Aviation Group. Submission of the first INTSUM, covering a 24 hour period from 1500 to 1500, was initiated on 1 June1968.

a. Enemy Activity: Following the TET offensive, enemy activity slackened considerably. During this reporting period only a few limited attacks were conducted on 52d Combat Aviation Battalion units. On 050255 May 1958, the 155th AHC, (then assigned to 52d CAB), received 30-50 rounds of 32mm mortar fire resulting in 1 US WIA, 1 UH-1H major damage, 2 UH-10 and 1 UH-1D minor damage. Throughout the night, installations in both Kontum City and the Pleiku Defense Sector received 122mm rockets, mortar, au omable weapons and small arms fire not affecting units of this battalion. On 150240 May 1963, the 815th Engr Bn at Connell Quarry in the Camp Holloway Area of Operation (AO) received 17 rounds of 82mm mortar fire resulting in 1 US KIA and 3 US WIA. On 250110 May 1968, the 155th AHC received approximately 12 rounds of 122mm rocket fire resulting in 8 friendly casualties, 1 UH-1D destroyed, 4 UH-1H (2 from the 92nd AHC) 1 UH-10 light damage, and damage to several buildings. On 260255 May 1968, the 155th AHC was again attacked, receiving 26 rounds of 82mm mortar fire. Results were 1 US WIA 1 UH-1H, 3x3/4 ton trucks, 4x1200 gallon tankers, 1x2 ton truck, 2x5 ton cargo trucks, 1x5 ton tractor and 1x1 ton trailer receiving major damage: 1 UH-1H received minor damage. On 140455 Jun 1968, the 57th AHC at Kontum received 12 rounds of 122mm rocket fire with only one round landing within the perimeter, results were 2 US WIA, 1, water tanker destroyed and major damage to 1 building. On 040212 Jun 1968, the 81500 Magrs at Connell Courcy received 20-25 rounds of 82mm mortar fire remaining in 3 US WIA. On 060200 Jun 1968, Camp Holloway received 14 122mm moderning resulting in varior damage to 2 CH-54, major damage to 1 CH-47 and light damage to 1x3/4 con truck. On 080155 Jun 1968, Camp Holloway again received 30 rounds of 82mm mortar fire, resulting in negative casualties,, heavy damage to 1 UH-1H, moderate damage to 3 UH-1H and 1 CH-54 and light damage to 1 UH-1H, 2 CH-54 and 1x5 ton truck. On 202247 Jul 1968, the 815th Engr Bn at ConnellQuarry received 45 rounds of 82mm mortar fire resulting in 3 US WIA and light damage to 1 vehicle. The last incident of the reporting period occurred on 21 Jul when an unknown number of Sapper personnel detonated a charge at Holloway OP 97 at 2120 hours, resulting in

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3 US WIA. Numerous attacks on other than 52d CaB installations in the Kontus. Pleiku and Ban No Tanot areas were recorded during the reporting period.

b. Movement: There was a reported significant shift of enemy forces in the Control Highlands. In early May an entire division, the 3250, new to this area, moved into Kontum Province opposite the Dak To - Ben Het area and conducted a peries of attacks on US Fire Support Bases. In Mid-June, this division was reported to have moved back into Cambodia and is believed to be in the triborder area at the present time. The 6th Bn, 32nd Regiment (previously part of NT I Division but now operating separatly) conducted several large ambushes in May, 20-25 km north of Pleiku on Highway 14. This battalion lost over one third of its personnel in these ambushes and subsequently moved southwest of Pleiku to receive replacements, training and new arms. There were indications on 29 July 1968 that the 6th Battalion had completed its refurbishing period and is now located approximately 12-15 km NNW of Pleiku City. There was no confirmed contact with any major unit of the NTI Division during the entire period. Continuing agent reports, Long Range Patrol (LRP) contacts and other intelligence factors during June and July indicated the NT 1 Division was moving south through the central Plei Trap Valley. On 25 July 1968, a PW from the NT 1 Division security company indicated the Division was moving into Darlac Province to conduct operations. Further confirmation of an impending large scale attack against Ban Me Thuot in early August was received from 2 PW's captured in late July. Although still unconfirmed, it is believed a large portion of the NT 1 Division resources are currently in Darlac Province. During early June, operations conducted jointly by Special Forces and 4th Infantry Division units in the Dak Payou and Day Ayun areas southeast of Ploiku City forced redeployment of the 95B Regiment (an independent regiment), east into the Binh Dinh/Pleiku Province border area. Termination of the operation in mid July has allowed the 95B Regiment to reoccupy its former operations area 20-30 km south east of Pleiku City. In May, elements of the 2nd NT Division in Quang Tin Province forced evacuation of the Kham Duc Special Forces Camp and subsequently moved south into the II Corps Zone to conduct operations in the Dak Pek area. The 21st Regiment of the 2nd NT Division was identified in several contacts in the Dak Pek area. This Regiment evidently withdrew into LAOS in early July and a PW, captured just prior to the end of the reporting period, indicated the regiment has moved northeast, into the Quang Tin area of I Corps, removing any significant threat to the Dak Pek area.

c. New Units: New Units in the provinces of Kontum and Pleiku during the poriod include the 3250 Division and the 21st Regiment of the NT 2 Division. The 3250 Division, with the 101D and 950 Regiments, infiltrated from the Khe Sanh area, arriving in the Laos Border area between the middle and latter part of April 1968. In early May, the 3250 Division crossed into Kontum and initiated activity against US Fire Bases. Interrogation of a PW captured in these engagements indicates one Battalion of the

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101D Regiment was left in I Corps and was replaced by one Battalion of the 66th Regiment of the 304th Division prior to the 3250 Division leaving Khe Sanh. The 29th Regiment of the 3250 Division remained in I Corps, conducting operations in the Hue City area. One complete Sapper Battalion, the p-120, was attached to the 3250 Division prior to leaving Khe Sanh and sappers were employed during the May attacks on US Fire Bases. Information on the 21st Regiment, NT 2 Division is reported in paragraph b above. Several new unit designations in Pleiku and Kontum Provinces have appeared in documents late in the reporting period. Documents captured on 1 July by ARVN forces north of Kontum indicate a new Local Force Battalion, the 306th was to be or had been formed. The documents however, were dated 21 January, listing the stongth of the 306th Battalien at 80 personnel. These documents also indicate the B-3 Front NVA Headquarters was to initiate an intensive recruiting program to form provincial regiments with a strength of 2200 personnel each. There have been other reports that provinces were to form regimental size units. However, at least in the highlands, there has been no firm indication of an intensive recruiting program being initiated. It should also be noted that these same documents pre-date the TET offensive, and much of the VC replacement and recruiting effort has thus far been oriented towards replacing large personnel losses suffered during the TET offensive. Other than the document reported above and several agent reports, there is no evidence to confirm the 306th Battalion as an operational unit. Documents captured by a LRP team during operations against the 95B Regiment in early June also indicate the possibility of a 2nd Local Force Battalion in Pleiku Province. The document mentions the X67 and 408th Battalions subordinate to VC Gia Lai (Pleiku) Province. Documents captured west of Pleiku City on 20 May and others captured south and southeast of Pleiku on 15 July again mention the X67 and 408th Battalion. The possibility exists that the H15 Battalion and 407th Sapper Battalion may have assumed the designations X67 and D45. However, the documents captured on 20 May and 17 June were taken in areas far outside the normal AO of either the H15 or the 407th. The possibility still exists that at least one new battalion has been formed subordinate to VC Gia Lai Province.

d. New Weapons: No new weapons were introduced during the reporting period. Use of flamethrowers, first recorded in the highlands during March 1968 by units of the 325C, has continued in attacks against 4th Infantry Division Fire Support Bases.

e. Situation:

(1) Kontum: The 325C Division is located in the tri-border area, approximately 50 km WNW of Kontum City. The 304th LF Battalion and 406th Sapper Battalion are located approximately 15 km north of Kontum City. The 24th NVA Regiment is unlocated but reported to have moved to Darlac With elements of the NT 1 Division. The 320th (AKA 209th) Regiment of the NT 1 is unlocated, possibly in Cambodia, 65 km duo west of Kontum City. The 66th Regiment is unlocated, reportedly, in Darlac Province.

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- Pleiku: The 174th Regiment is unlocated, possibly in the northwest Pleiku-Kontum border area, along the Se San River approximately 35 km west of Pleiku. The 6th/32nd NVA Regiment is identified and located approximately 10-15 km north and northwest of Pleiku City. The 408th Sapper Battalion is located approximately 20 km NE of Pleiku City. The 95B Regiment is operating approximately 40 km east and southeast of Pleiku City. The X17 and X18 Egnr Co's (Sapper) are unlocated and believed east of Pleiku City.
 - f. Capabilities:
- (1) Kontum: Elements of the 3250 division can conduct attacks up to regimental size in the Dak To-Ben Het area. The 304th LF and 406th Sapper Battalions are capable of conducting limited indirect fire and sapper attacks on Kontum City or interdict Highway 14N between Kontum and
- (2) Pleiku: Conduct limited sapper attacks and attacks by fire on Pleiku defense area installations employing the 408th Sapper Battalion and elements of the K-31 Artillery Battalion. To interdict Highway 14N between Pleiku and Kontum using clements of the 6th Battalion, 32nd Regiment. To conduct limited interdiction of Highway 19E between Le Trung and the Mang Yang Pass employing elements of the 95B Regiment and the X17 and X18 Engr
- Operations, Training and Unit Movement. (C)
- a. Operations: The 52d Combat Aviation Battalion supported the following operations during the reporting period; Mac Arthur, (92 days), Matthews (19 days), Prairie Fire (92 days) and Omega (92 days). The 4th Infantry Division was supported by the assets of two assault helicopter companies and one assault support helicopter company. CH-54 support was provided on a mission basis. Prairie Fire and Omega were supported by one assault helicopter company.
- (1) A detailed list of units and activities supported by the 52d Combat Aviation Battalion are listed below. (A map of the operational area is included as inclosure 4).
 - 4th Infantry Division (Operation Mac Arthur)
 - 1st Brigade AO Spaatz (Search and Destroy) 1.
 - 2nd Brigade AO Middleton (Search and Destroy) 2.
 - 3rd Brigade AO Sultan (Search and Destroy) 2.
 - (b) 5th Special Forces (Omega)

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- 1. BAN ME THUOT Clandestine
- 2. AN KHE Clandestine
- 3. KONTUM Clandestine
- (c) Task Force Matthews: Operation Matthews was supported 25 May 12 June 1968. The 52d Combat Aviation Battalion was the principal supporting aviation element during the operation. The mission was to provide responsive aviation support to the 1st Brigade, 4th Infantry Division and attached or supporting elements. This battalion's normal daily operational commitment was 36 UH-1H's, 15 UH-1C(A)'s, 10 CH-47's and one CH-54c (For a detailed operational report of significant information and events, see inclosure 3).
- (d) In addition, the following units were supported on a special air-craft allocation basis for the periods indicated. Activities varied from direct combat support to administration/liaison support.
 - 1. CRID DCS (16 days) .
 - 2. WHRID DCS (11 days)
 - 3. Highway Coordinator DCS (92 days)
 - 4. 22nd, 23rd Division (ARVN) and 24th STZ (ARVN) DCS (34 days)
 - 5. 3/506th Infantry Battalion DCS (3 days)
 - 6. 299th Engineer Group DCS (4 days)
 - 7. VIP Flights DCS (6 days)
- (e). AMCC: The establishment of an Area Movement Control Center (AMCC) was directed in May 1968 for the purpose of improving procedures to control aviation support and reduce the UH-1 flight time. This objective was to be attained by reducing the total flight hours in support of administrative missions by eliminating "sole user" aircraft, consolidating aviation support when feasable and providing aviation support on a mission basis only. This program has met with minimum success due to the reluctance of requesting units and agencies to properly forecast requirements and provide tentative itineraries. One by one supported elements were excluded from the AMCC concept. Units currently supported by the AMCC are: 5th SEGA, IFFV Arty and DSA II Corps.
- (2) The percentage of the total battalion lift capabilities which was allocated to supported units each month is as indicated:

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(a)	4th Inf Div -		<u>May</u> 50%	<u>june</u> 50%	<u>JULY</u> 50%
(b)	Omega/Prairie	Fire -	25%	25%	25%
(c)	Others -		25%	25%	25%
(3)	Operational St	atistics	(1 May - 31 J	uly 1968)	
COMBAT SORTIES 115,347	OTHER SORTIES 84,01	UH-1H HOURS 23,230	UH-1C(A) HOURS 7,089	CH-47 HOURS 2,777	CH-54 <u>HOURS</u> 436
TOTAL HOURS 33,532	TOTAL <u>PAX</u> 139,190	CARGO TONS 19.988	ACFT <u>HITS</u> 61/41	ACFT <u>DAM/DEST</u> 41/2	*
CREW INJ/KIA 15/0	ENEMY KBA 313	STRUCT DEST	MED EVACS		

During the reporting period, the 52d Combat Aviation Battalion flew 1951.9 hours in support of 152 combat assaults in which 21,496 assault troops and 2274.7 tons of combat equipment and supplies were lifted in 5,255 sorties. Hostile fire was received on 13 of these assaults. Two UH-1H's received light damage without injury to crownembers. A total of 13.5 hours of LZ pre-strikes were made by UH-1C(A) aircraft.

640

b. Training:

313

- (1) Aviator Training Maximum training emphasis and effort was devoted to standardization during the reporting period. The increased number of aircraft available resulted in this unit completing all flight training requirements which include:
 - (a) 90 Day Flight Standardization Checks
 - Instrument Proficiency Checks (b)
 - Tactical Flight Procedures (c)
 - (d) In-Country Check-Out/Orientations
- (2) Ground Training This headquarters republished training directive 350-1 which consolidates and outlines training procedures and requirements of higher headquarters. All training requirements have been completed and complied with. This unit scheduled and conducted 27 days of formal

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c. Unit Movement:

- (1) The 2nd and 3rd platoons, 355th Aviation Company (Heavy Helicopter) arrived at Mha Trang, RVN on 4 May and 18 July 1968 respectively. six CH-54's (Sky-Crane) organic to these platoons arrived on 2 May and 31 June 1968 and the entire company was operational 27 July 1968. On 21 Way the 2nd platoon with three CH-54's was relocated at PHU HIEP and was operational upon arrival. No problems were encountered pertinent to the relocation of personnel, equipment and aircraft. Warning and movement orders were received in sufficient time to allow final preparation by the sponsoring unit (268th CAB) at the new location.
- (2) The 361st Aviation Company (ESCORT) equipped with 12 UH-1C(A) aircraft was relocated from DI AN, RVN to Holloway Army Airfield and was assigned to this headquarters. Movement began 22 May, was completed on 28 May 1968, and the unit became operational as of 2 June 1968. Seven of the UH-1C(A) aircraft have been replaced with the AH-1G (Cobra) and have supported convoy escert missions on route 19 between AN KHE and PLEIKU and provide armed helicopter support of US and ARVN units operating in the BAO LOC area. Operational support of the latter mission provied extremely difficult and problem areas are included in, Section II "Lessons Learned".
 - 5. (C) Logistics and Aircraft Maintenance: The 52d CAB received its Annual General Inspection during the reporting period (20 May 68 - 25 May 68) and received a satisfactory rating. All deficiencies and short comings have been corrected. Areas that have received command attention are; Conex control, aircraft revotment improvement and COLED-V reports.
 - a. CLASS I: Non-availability of station property mess equipment requires field mess equipment as substitution and limits food service improvenenits.
 - CLASS II: Repair parts supplies received have proven to be inade- . quate after a review of all out-standing requisitions was made to insure validity. PLLs do not contain required items in an, "on-hand", status.
 - c. CLASS III: Total JP-4 dispensed by the battalion for the reporting period was 4,053,750 gallons of which 1,300,000 were dispensed at the Kontum Airfield by the 57th Assault Helicopter Company.
 - d, CLASS V: Total ammunition expenditure for the period is as listed below:
 - (1) Minigun (7.62) 2,333,000 rounds
 - (2) 2.75 Rockets 7,571 rounds
 - (3) M-5, 40mm Grenades 9,310 rounds

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- e. Aircraft Maintenance
- (1) Maintenance Statistics

:	4H-1C*	<u> IIH-1.C</u>	<u>UH-1H</u>	CH-47	<u>CH-54</u>	<u>u-6a</u>
Aircrafh Authorized	12	32	93	16	9	_1
Total Aircraft Assigned	12	32	82	16	9	1
TO best Minds at a Mapping To	J.2	8	20	16	9	1
Avorage Archaft Per So	10	83	81.	52	77	48
Availability Rato (%)	<u>ن</u> ن 10	7/	37	36	Ŕ	52
EDM Rate (%)	ت. <u>ا</u> .	4)0	Ū	<i></i>

*AN-16 Aircraft were assigned only at end of quarter and availability rate was reduced by weapons system installation, test firing, and acceptance inspections. (For detailed statistical data, see Incl 2)

- (2) During the quarter, a maintenance stand down program was initiated which has improved the overall maintenance posture of the battalion.
- per wook of concentrated first ochelon maintenance which is accomplished primarily by the flight engineer, crew chief and gunner under the supervision of the flight platoon sergeant. Some of the tasks accomplished by the crew are:
 - 1. Complete daily inspection. (PMD)
 - 2. Maintenance operational check. (Run-up with qualified aviator)
 - 3. Safety of flight inspection by a Technical Inspector.
 - 4. Overall cleaning of the aircraft.
 - 5. Imbricate aircraft.
 - 6, Review of all log book forms.
- 7. Check of current status of all requisitions and work orders listed on DA Form 2408-14.
- (b) This program has increased availability, promoted crew pride in assigned aircraft and facilitated scheduled maintenance by correcting small discrepancies. Many safety of flight discrepancies have been detected and corrected during the maintenance stand down. The results of the program has been an improved safety record and better maintained aircraft.
 - (3) Aircraft on Hand Status as of 31 July 1968.

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Unit AH-1G	051012-05 (R-1) (U)
Auth/OH 57 AHC	UH-1C(A) Auth/OH	UH-1H Auth/OH
119 AHC 170 AHC 189 AHC 361 AC(E) 12/12	8/8 8/7 8/8 8/7	23/21 23/21 23/19 23/20
CH-47A Auth/OH 355 AC(H) HHD	CH-54A <u>Auth/OH</u> 9/9	U-6A/UH-1D Auth/OH
6. (U) Information		1/1

6. (U) Information Office and Special Services Activities: ation Office continued to release both printed and picterial news releases on personnel assigned to the battalion. During this period, 150 The Informhometown releases were processed. This battalion has made maximum utilization of every news media that serves the military audience and the "Dragon Fire" (a bi-weekly battalion newspaper), continues to be published. The primary special services activities available to personnel

- Arts and Crafts Shop
- b. Library
- C. R&R

(C) Sighal

a. Each assault helicopter company of the 52d Combat Aviation Battalion has now received a ton mounted communications facility. The AN/ MRC-119 provides each assault helicopter company the capability of operating in a single side band HF radio net with the 52d Combat Aviation Battalion Headquarters as well as 17th CAG. Reliable, long range communications between Dak To and 17th CAG, Nha Trang has been established demonstrating the capability of the AN/MRC-95 radio set.

b. In addition to the long range HF capability provided by the AN/ MRC-95, the following radios are part of the AN/MRC-119 communications facility: AN/PRC-25, AN/PRC-41, AN/PRC-47, and AN/VRC-46. The additional radios provide each assault helicopter company the capability of operating a complete command post with radios for aircraft control as well as administrative traffic. These communications facilities can also be airlifted by CH-47 helicopters, thus increasing the deployability of

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HEADQUARTERS, UNITED STATES ARMY, VIETNAM, APO San Francisco 96375 2 7 00T 1965

- TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558
- 1. (U) This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the quarterly period ending 31 July 1968 from Headquarters, 52d Combat Aviation Rattalion.
- 2. (C) Comments follow:
- a. Reference item concerning interim manual, page 17, paragraph 2c; and 2d Indorsement, paragraph 2a(3). TH 55-450-11, Helicopter External Load, Rigged with Air Delivery Equipment, has been distributed to all major subordinate commands in sufficient copies for redistribution to all subordinate units.
- b. Reference item concerning ARCIITE operations, page 17, paragraph 2d; 1st Indorsement, paragraph 2a(4); 2d Indorsement, paragraph a; and 3d Indorsement, paragraph 2b: Concur with the 3d Indorsement.
- c. Reference item concerning warhead, 2.75 inch rocket (flechette, WD 4A/A), page 18, paragraph 2e; and 3d Indorsement, paragraph la: Concur with the 3d Indorsement.
- d. Reference item concerning AH-1G operations, page 19, paragraph 2h; and 3d Indorsement, paragraph 1b: Concur with the 3d Indorsement.
- e. Reference item concerning artillery advisories, page 18, paragraph 2f, and 3d Indorsement, paragraph 2c: Concur. Effective 1 October 1968 the artillery warning frequencies and call signs in the I and II CTZ were being published by the 58th Aviation Group (Frov). This headquarters is presently studying the feasibility of including the stations in the IV CTZ in this publication. These frequencies, call signs, and locations are presently available over the air from the IV CTZ flight following stations.
- f. Reference item concerning mess equipment, page 10, paragraph 5a; and paragraph 2a, 3d Indorsement: Monconcur. In order to be issued station property mess equipment in BVN, the locations must be major bases, have



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AVHGC-DST (10 Aug 68) 4th Ind (C) SUBJECT: Operational Report of 52d Combat Aviation Sattalion for period Ending 31 July 1968, RCS CSFOR-65 (R-1) (U)

adequate nower resources to operate the equipment, and have adequate facilities available in which to install the equipment. Recent consideration has been given to authorizing the Pleiku area station property mess equipment but the location does not satisfy the present criteria.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

4 Incl

Cy furn:

W. C. ARNTZ
CPTAGC
Assistant Adjutant General

HQ 1st Avn Pde HQ 52 CAR

FFR: ORIJ, was staffed through:

Avn: MAJ Scoggins/4322 GA: LTC Cline/4379 G3 Tng: MAJ Nowak/4882

ACTION OFFICER: MAJOR KLINGMAN/4433

CH DST DIV

CH MS BR

CH DOC BR

CH TNG BR

A/C

INCLASSITED

COMBENTIAL

INCL | SUBJECT: Organizational Structure of 52d Cbt Avn Bn (U)

UNIT

52d Cbt Avn Bn - "FLYING DEAGONS"

52d Security Platoon

57th Aslt Hel Co - "GLADIATORS" "GOUGARS"

615th Trans Det

822nd Signal Dot

119th Aslt Hel Co - "ALLIGATORS" "CROCS"

545th Trans Det

94th Nedical Det

70th Signal Det

155th Aslt Hel Co - "STACECOACK"
"FFAC HS"

165th Trans Det

Eth Lodical Det

208th Signal Det

170th Aslt Rel Co - "BIRTHIS"
"BUCCAMEERS"

405th Trans Det

755th Medical Det

448th Signal Dot

COLHANDER

LTC Raymond G. Lehman Jr.

1/Lt Robert L. Litton

MAJ William D. Gess

MAJ Niles C. Clark

WO1 Harvey Baker Jr.

MAJ Warren R. Porter

M.J Hugh H. Rhodes

CFT Fred C. Margolin

2/Lt Larry T. Book

MAJ Walter Urbach

Mid Eugene P. Malkoff

CPT hiroll J. Mirman

CFT Albert E. Fisch

M. J. Robert W. Cook

M/J Edward D. King

CFT David L. Lous

WO1 Harold B. Lunday

MMD. | Crgmisstional Structure of 52d Cbt Avn Bn (U)

179th Aslt Spi Hel Co - "SELLIFBOAT"

402nd Trans Let

189th Aslt Hel Co = "GHOSTRIDEAS"
"AVENGEAS"

604th Trans Det

6th Signal Det

344th Avn Det

355th Aslt Spt Hol Feavy

662nd Trans Let

FAJ Robert F. Wetherbis

MAJ Billy W. Cocks

MAJ William W. Fraker

M.J David C. Whitworth

1/Lt James A. Conley

LTC Robert D. Grang Jr.

MAJ Glon E. Lorgan

Mad William H. Winds

.

Recentivalities of Tring Hours (U)
Recentivalities of Tring Hours (U)
Recentivalities of the second contact the following provisions; (I). Aircraft destroyed are dropped from accountability the day following destruction. (2). Replacement circult are bicked an on accountability on the first on that they become "mission

roedy" GIT	1 O TV	Ave Ur	lours Flown	ave Hours	Avail- ability	ichever occ /ve Er UE-IA on Nand	Hours Plown	/ve Cours Clown	Avail- ability	Total Hours	Combined Av Hours	Percen bil. Propre
		on liand	3/7	Guns 40.9	1,5.7	18.7	1622	97.4	67.0	2169	63.5	139.
57th	Feb Har	7.5 8.0	367 546	ե 68.•2	70.h	23.5	1931	94.2	87 . 4	2477	89.9	11:9%
	Evr	8.0	676	814.5	82.0	I 6.6	2503	15 0∙8	€0 . 0	3179	129.2	2 17%
T90h	∂eb	5 .5	342	62.2	75.3	20.0	1686	8)4.4	79•9	2030	79.6	132%
	der	7.0	345	49.2	79.6	13.4	1615	83.9	59.3	1990	78.3	131%
	Am r	0.8	266	35 . 8	65 .7	19.0	1479	77.8	75.6	1765	65.4	109%
155 th	èb	6.3	382	60.6	F5.7	15.0	1221	5T.I	83.0	1603	7 5•2	125.5
	Ær	7.4	346	46.7	6 3.5	19.4	1781	9 I •û	80.5	2 727	80.9	T3[65
	Ĺor	7.0	435	62.I	胜.3	17.7	15 82	£\$•#	74.I	2017	€5•7	I/13.6
170 U h	්c b	7.0	. 390	55.7	88.5	19.2	1471	70.6	76.9	1661	0.IY	II%
	À r	6.3	472	74.8	3,06	11.9	2133	113.3	80 . 0	2605	I)?.6	176,3
	Lr	6.3	607	65.9	7>.6	C.3I	2023	T12.3	£1 . 9	2710	10h•2	171:
IS: Un	: 'a'b	7.9	555	70.3	$G_{\bullet}\mathbf{I}$	it.8	1522	90.0	€ე . 8	2077	77.8	13:5
	ær	6.4	53I	82.5	82.7	16.7	2 C.04	120.0	75.h	25 3 5	109.7	103 i 162 i
	Eor	5.8	330	56.9	0.83	16.5	<u>1979</u>	709.9	75.0	2300	95.6	ر کار د

SUBJECT: Decepitulation of Flying Hours (W)

REMARKS: Average number of sircraft is based on those actually on-hand with the following provisions:

(I). Aircraft destroyed are dropped from accountability the day following destruction.

(2). Replacement aircraft are picked up on accountability on the first day that they become "mission ready" or within 72 hours following receipt, whichever occurs first.

	UFIT	MOPTE	Avg Hr UHIC	Hours Flown	Avg Hours	Avail ability	.∠vg Nr UHIH	_llours Flown	LAvg~ Hours	Lvcil- ability	Combined Total	Conbined Avg	Percent DA
			on Hand		Guns		on Hand		Flown	•	Hours	Hours	Program
	52d	ı ^r eb	3 4.2	2036	59.5	72.7	91.7	7724	84.2	76.6	9760	77.5	129%
ب		Mar	35 . I	2240	64.4	79.4	92.9	9494	100.6	77.3	11734	91.7	153%
ITIA		Apr	36.8	2月1月	65.3	78.9	89.3	9566	I07.I	77.2	II980	95.0	I59%
DEN	TLNU	MONTH	Lvg CH-Li On Hand	:7	Hours Flown		Avg Hour Per CH-4		Percen DA Pro			Availabil	ity
III.	179th	₫eb	13.3		904		67.8	· <u>I </u>	136%	हिं स्था		67.0	
CONFID		Mar	N4.8		1259		83.7		I68%			68.0	
		Apr	I5.6		1246	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	79.2		I59%			25.4	
	UFIC	MONTH	Avg CH-5 On Hend	14	Hours Flown		Avg Hour Per CH-5		Percen DA Pro			hvailabil	ity
	355th	reb	3.0		53		17.7	*	59%	<u> </u>		60.9	
		Mer	3.0		79		26.3		79%			67.9	INCL. S
		Apr	3.0		93		31.0		IOO.3%			25.4	<u> </u>

REPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL MAN

INCL 2

SUBJECT: Recapitulation of Availability, Mission ready, EDP and EDM percentage taken from DA. Form 1352 and Daily Aircraft Status.

UH-1C	STD	FEB	nAn	APA.
Availability	75	72.7	79.5	78.9
Mission Ready	80	53.7	50.8	58.7
EU.	17	20.5	16.0	16.5
EDP	8	6.8	4.5	4.2
		- • -	4*/	7+: K
UH-1 H	STD	FEB	MAR	APN
Availability	78	76.6	79.5	78.5
Mission Ready	03	52.8	63.3	64.6
EDI	17	18.7	15.0	17.6
EDP	5	4.7	5.5	3.9
·	-	, , ,		2.,
UH-1 COMBINED	STD	FEB	MAR	VF.B
Availability	80	74.6	79.5	78,7
Mission Ready	60	53.3	57.1	61.7
EU.	17	19.6	15.5	17.2
EDP	5	5.8	5.0	4.1
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
CH-47	STD	FEB	MAR	£YĀ
Availability	65	67.0	68.0	68.0
Mission Ready	50	46.1	41.3	47.4
EIM	23	22.0	22.0	22.0
EDP	12	11.0	10.0	12.0
CH-54	STD	FER	<i>M</i> . R	APR
Availability	67	60.9	68.0	55.0
Mission Ready	30	25.9	66.2	25.4
EDi	23	17.2	5.6	9.0
EDP	10	21.9	26.4	36.0

The following personnel received treatment at the Camp Holloway Dispensary and were released:

MARE	UNIT
FFC LEONARD, Torruie L. SP4 EARNEST, Lewis W. Jr.	355th ASHC
SP4 WILLIAMS, Johnny L. SGT RATSHY, James D.	189th AHC
SP6 QUEEN, Harold CWO M.VIS, Charles O.	HHD
LTC FORD, Eddic L.	40013 430
WO SLAYDEN, Dan J.	170th AHC
WO BARTHEIMES, Robert F. SP4 WATTS, Luther J.	
SP4 PADGETT, William P. SP4 PERRY, Ralph B.	1/19th AHC
SF4 STARDEY, William L. SF5 NAHADY, Stephan A. III	
1LT WHETSTONE, Charles B.	
SF4 CORNETT, Orrel B. FFC HYLTON, Norman C.	355th ASHC
SI4 LEE, George A.	662th Maint Det

- b. Najor items of equipment damage or destroyed
- 1. The following demage was sustained by aircraft at Camp Holloway:

TYTE	UNIT	<u> </u>	TYPE DAMAGE
UH-1H UH-1H UF-1H UN-1H UH-1H UH-1H UH-1C UH-1C UH-1C UH-1C	170th 170th 170th 170th 170th 170th 170th 170th 170th 119th	170 110 142 995 358 210 616 144 136 588 560	Extensive Sheetmetal Extensive Sheetmetal Minor Sheetmetal Major Sheetmetal Major Sheetmetal Major Sheetmetal Major Sheetmetal Major Sheetmetal Major Sheetmetal Damage Minor Sheetmetal (Two holes)
UH-1 H	169 t li	158	Minor Shoetmotal

- 4. (C) Tlanned Actions and Recordendations.
- a. Defense plans are constantly being reviewed and revised as deemed necessary.
- b. Tlanned actions are the same as those preposed in the after action report of 30 Jan 68.

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By MSD NARA Data 7/9/16

INCL_3

SUBJECT: After action report of enemy attacks on Holloway Army airfield (52d CAB) 1 Feb through 30 April (U)

- 1. (C) General: Camp Holloway, Fleiku, RVN, was attacked by a supporting element of the 41st NVA Artilliery Regiment on 020400 February 68. Twenty five (25) rounds were fired into the aircraft revetment, runway, and motor park areas from four (4) 82mm mortar tubes, located in the vicinity of AR 815475 (See inclosure 1). The attack lasted 10-15 minutes.
- 2. (C) Sequence of Events and Significant Intelligence Information,
- a. The enemy mortar section an estimated 20-25 man force, $\epsilon_{\rm a}$ proached the prepared firing positions from vicinity of AR824752, undected. After firing 25 rounds in rapid succession, the enemy element moved immediately to the vicinity of AR825477 and dispersed.
- b. Following the incoming enemy rounds, friendly artillery, mortar, and gunships were employed to engage the suspected enemy firing positions. The 52d Security Detachment located the enemy firing positions 020900 Feb 68 and ground accessment indicated that the enemy element suffered no damage from the aerial rocket attack made on the suspected positions immediately following the attack
- c. The attack was well planned and executed with precision. The enemy probably selected this course of engagement because:
- (1) All movement had to be made durin, the hours of darkness to avoid detection by increased aerial observation of the area of operation during daylight hours, thus possibly explaining the unusually late engagement at 0400 hours due to approximately six (6) hours of nite movement required to reach the firing positions from the staging area vicinity of coordinated AR824752.
- (2) Proviously, extended enemy engagements were made from the same location which allowed sufficent time for the gunships to engage the suspected enemy mortar positions while they were occupied. The enemy may have shortened his engagement time to avoid being counter-engaged by gunships.
- (3) The enemy may have choosen a later engagement to avoid a pattern set in three (3) previous attacks on Comp Holloway.
- 3. (C) Damage Information.
 - a. Personnel losses by unit

INCL 3

SUBJECT: Liter action report of energy attacks on Holloway Army Airfield (52d CAB) 1 Feb through 30 April (U)

1. (3) General: Camp Holloway, Tleiku, RVN, was attacked with at least six (6) 127mm rockets by unknown sized element of the NVA 40th Arty Regiment at 3125 Hours on 3 February 1968. The duration of the attack was approximately ten (10) minutes, during which six (6) rounds fell within the confines of Camp Holloway; four (4) were duds, two (2) detenated.

2. (C) Sequence of Events:

- a. The chemy resket crew moved into position vicinity \$20,02 (approximately 9.500 meters from target center of mass), using the surrounding wooded area for concentment. At 0125 hours the first round was fired. This hit between the TOL tanks causing no damage, Approximately 5-7 minutes later, the second round fell fifteen (15) feet from a JP-4 pipeline. Shrapnel from the rocket punctured the line, causing a fuel fire. Approximately ten thousand (10,000) gal of JP-4 burned before the fire was brought under central. The third round explained in the 604th DS platoon tillet, causing extensive damage to the building. The fourth round apparently had a delayed fuze. It landed five (5) meters from the DS billets, resulting in a hele in the ground six (6) inches in director and approximately ten (10) feet deep. The last two rounds were duds. Rounds Two(2) through six (6) landed alrest simultaneously.
- b. The general direction and distance of the enemy position was visually confirmed by 52d CAB Security Forces by the first flash of round number one leaving the tube. The gunships were alerted and airborne in under fifteen (15) minutes. An Air Force C-47 (Spooky) was airborne at the time. He spotted the approximate source of enemy fire and began engaging the target as the last rounds were fired. Gunships arrived on station and also engaged the suspected area with aerial ro ket and mini-gun fire. Incoming rounds coased immediately upon being engaged by script fire.
- c. During the attack the post was on 50% alert. Individual companies to include the 604th, was on 100% alert in bunkers/defensive positions. This resulted in the DS plateen billets, 604th Trans Co, containing only one individual , a civilian. He was shaken up but remoived negative injurys. Throughout the night gunships and mertars continued H & I fires with unknown results. There were no indications that the Camp Helloway perimeter was penetrated during the attack.
- d. The rocket attack again indicates that the enemy has used his detailed knowledge of the Camp Holloway facilities. Intended targets were the support facilities. Factors that may influenced the enemy course of action are:

Downers ! ! ...

- (1) Passive defense measures provide more protection to personnel than IOL and maintenance gross.
- (2) Destruction of support/supply facilities denies combet elements the prime movers of supplies, equipment and treeps into feward areas, seriously affecting combat operations.
- (3) Armed aircraft located at this installation constitute a major deterrent to ground assaults of installations in the Pleiku area.
- (4) Due to the time-en station capability of the C-47 (Speeky) and its relatively slow scremble time, this aircraft should be airborne in the Pleiku area during the hours of darkness.
- 3. (C) Significant Intelligence Information:
- a. The reaction of Spooky and the gunships probably caused the enemy to corse fire early. Also, since the last rockets fired failed to detonate, it is possible that pressure from aerial attack caused the VC to fire these reckets without arming them.
- b. No reaction force was sent into the area from which the recket attack was made. Therefore, it is impossible to accurately determine the personel/material destruction due to aerial attack.
- 4. (C) Danage Information:
 - a. There were no friendly KIA or WIA.
- b. The only item destroyed consisted of approximately 10,000 gal of JP-4. The 604th DS plateon billet sustained heavy damage.
- 5. (C) Planned Actions and Recommendations:
 - a. Planned Actions:
- (1) When an attack is eminent and we have an excess of fly-able aircraft beyond these required for flare/medical evacuation missions, they will be evacuated from Camp Holloway.
 - (2) Airgraft will continue to be dispersed as much as possible.
 - (3) Bunkers will continue to be improved.
- (4) When intelligence information indicated an attack is eminent, elect status will be maintained at 100%.
- (5) When circraft requirements pensit, the frequency of local area visual reconnaissance missions by 52d CAB aircraft will be increased.

b. Reconstendations:

- (1) Increase the manning level of the assigned security detachment so that it may better pairol, secure and interdict the local area.
- (2) Bring the 52d CAB up to TO&E aircraft strength or reduce committeents to enable us to increase our VR capability.
- (3) When enony activity in the Fleiku area increases, maximum use of available ground troops be made to close with and capture or destroy the energy before he gains the initiative.

SUBJECT: After action report of energy a stacks on dolloway army managedul (52d CAB) I reb through 30 april (U)

- 1. (C) General: Camp Holloway, Pleiku, WM, was stracked by a supporting element of the 40th NVA Artillery tegiment on 060245 deb 66 Eighteen (18) rockets (122mm) were ared and impacted within the con income 30 minutes.
 - 2. (C) Sequence of Events and Significant Intelligence Information:
- a. The enemy rocket element of unknown size fired from positions in the vicinity of AR840510 and AR842568. There is no information pertaining to the infiltration or exfiltration of this element to the faring position.
- gunships were employed to engage the suspected enemy positions. There assessment made to determine the entent of demage or losses engaged the suspected positions.
- vas the same as the attack of 02 leb 62. Damage to friendly facilities was not serious because the rockets didn't explode in the general proximit of emigrant and facilities, even the grait was the same impact area. The rocket attack did not saturate the impact area to the extent of the 02 leb 68 mortar attack.
 - 3. (C) Damage deport:
- a. The damage incurred during the at ack is negulgible. The damage but were repaired and mission ready the same day.
 - b. There were no friendly WIA or KIA.
- 4. (C) Planned Action and Recommendation: Actions and recommendations are the same as those submitted in preceding after action reports of recent attacks on Camp solloway.

SUDJECT: After action report of enemy attacks on Hollowey Arry (1904) 1 (52d CAS) 1 Feb through 30 April (U)

1. (0) General: Camp Holloway, Pleiku, RVM was attached by a estimated twenty (20) to twenty five (25) man mortar section on 100205 February 1903. This section was thought to be part of the 40th NVA Artillery Regiment. A total of eighty (80) 82mm mortar rounds, counted by a tape recorder turned on asthe attack began, were fired into the compound. The majority of these landed in the billets area. The attack lasted fifteen (15) minutes utilizing a total of three (3) tubes.

2. (C) Sequence of Events:

- a. The enemy mortar section moved into their firing position (AMSCO477) from the Scothills vicinity AR8652. The movement, attack, and subsequent withdrawal were all conducted during the hours of darkness.
- b. The general direction and distance of the enemy position was visually confirmed by 52d CAB Security Forces via flashed from the tubes. Mortar concentrations eight (8) and else (11), both layed in or old VC mortar positions in proximity to the flashes, were immediately fixed. The standby funchips and a C-47 (Spooky) were consolled. Counter battery fire from the 52d Arty Group was called by the attack began. Twenty three (23) minutes later the first veiley and farely fire continued for about five (5) singles. The guasampt was proposed to respond but were held off the target area until termination of artiflary fire.
- all personnel were in bunkers; the one (1) friendly KLA and most of the billets or in the open. Primary target was personnel in the billets area. Factors that may have influenced the energy course of action are:
- (1) During previous attacks, prime targets have been aircraft and aircraft maintenance areas. Enemy follow-up reports have probable indicated little change in our support capabilities following these attacks. Consequently, it can be surmised that, lacking noticable effect from material target attacks, the enemy elected to try for personnel.
- (2) Immediate mortar and aerial retaliation forced the energy to limit his attack to one of short but violent duration.
 - 3. (0) Significant intelligence information:
- a. A ground reconnaissance conducted the morning of the attack located the imprints of three mortar baseplated at AR820477. A blood trail was picked up and followed N-NE to the vicinity of AR8248. At this point, the blood trail seemed to cut off toward the village of Plei Thurs

(AR8351) while the main body proceded towards the foothall and AR8352. A correctly interrogation of indigenous personnel in the value of Ploi Thung indicated the VO and passed south of their village for both ingress and eguess to the iring positions. The gunships also has a fleeting gland a under the flares of approximately fifteen (15) people as moving morth between the firing position and the vallage.

- b. With the exception of one (1) blood trail, no indication of personnel/material destruction was found.
 - .. (C) Damage Information:
 - a. Personel:

The following named person was KIA:

I H.ME

 $U_{i}U_{i}T$

SGT WOMER, Eugene V.

119th AHC

The following named personnel were WIA (Med Evac):

MANE

MA: II

[9177]

TIMET

SEA CLAYDON, Larry W.	3 19 th 140
Fig. 31 Ca C, Robert, E.	見し Scty Det
OCT MARKES, Stanley E. III	l/Oth AHC
Tel Milay, Edward L.	189th AHC
WOL CLOVE O'LOT, Lenard P.	119th AHC
WOLF TO FSOH, Edward L.	上,'Oth AHC
Put Tio PSOT, Gilmore C.	52d Scty Det
and the story lewrence S. Jr.	189th AHC
NOTE TOO , Paul a,	170th AHC

The following personnel were treated and released:

1.65-11		014 1 1
P.O MOTHUM, Le	е D.	52d Scty Det
-aJ BGIBIN, Da	vid L.	HHD, 52d CAB
OI SKINK, Tho	mas L.	170th AHC
-314 37 D, Otha	L.	HD, 52d 0AB
EP5 Chank, Sim	mie (HaI)	52d Scty Det
TTO OU HALZO,	Joseph /i.	52d Scty Det
POC COOKSOT, J	erry J.	52d Scty Det
SP4 CATTION		170th AHC
TP4 DICHISTO,		52d Scty Det
WC1 Billmore,	Pale A.	189th AHC

SP4 NUMBER, Calvin B. SP4 GACCL, Chrus J.

189th AHC 52d Boty Det

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By MSD NARA Data 7/9/26

CONFIDENTIAL

 $T = \frac{1}{2}$ TEA COUNTY, Homer &, Car, Son CAR WCL HEDE, John B. $1.066\,\, m_{\odot}$ Wel Kindle (Sect d. 1973th 1370 901 Value, marold E. Jr. Tigth AUC HOL DELETT, Malford D. 11.9th AHC WOL LPARKE, John W. 189th AHC PFC TOTALL, Dallas (HMI) 119th AHC Mi. Whith \$, Jon de B. Jr. HaD, 52d CAB FOL WINDER, Josephe W. 3.70th AftC CC WINICK, John A. 52d Loty Det SP; ZIM, John A. ITI 362 TC Det 24 Cavausad, John t. HHD, 52d CAB

b. The following damage was sustained by aircraft at Camp.

TYPE	ULT	A/C#	DALAGII
U.S. 2H	11.9th	527	Light: M/R blade
U.S. 2H	119th	524	Light: M/B blade

The following denage was sustained by engineent other there always is

XXII	UIIT	$\mathrm{DAi}_{\mathrm{c}}(\mathrm{GP}^{+})$
1/An bok 1/An bok 1/An bok 1/An bok 1/An tok 3/An tok	119th 119th 119th 119th 189th 344th 448th	Moderate damage Light Camage Moderate damage Light damage Light damage Moderate damage

- 5. (C) Planned Actions and Recommedations:
 - a. Planned actions:
- (1) When an attack is eminent all personnel except those command/control/communications functions will be in bunkers or revetted areas.
- (2) When an attack is emment, a flareship will be airborne. It is interesting to note that the attack initiated investigated after a flareship had landed and before another one had been launched.
- recursition. It will be mounted near the tower for instantaneous reaction to lane-of-sight enemy fire.

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(4) Since gunships seem to react faster than artillery, their strikes will not be delayed while waiting for artillery counter-

. Recommendations:

- (1) Increase the manning level of the assigned security area. The security Detachment set up an ambush position the night following this attack: One FVA with numerous satchel charges and one pair of russian binoculars was killed.
- (2) Maximum use is to be made of available ground troops in the Pleiku area to harrass, ambush, and destroy these small elemy groups before they gain the initiative.



SUBJECT: After ction deport of Enemy attacks of Holloway Army Airfield (52d CAB) 1 Feb through 30 pril (U)

- 1. (C) General: Camp Hollows, Flek, R/, was attacked by an unknown sized mortar element on 272255 Teo 62. This force is believed to be the 408th Sapper Battalion Element. The attack lasted ten minutes and a total of 65 (sixty-five) 82mm mortar rounds were fired into the billets and equipment areas.
 - 2. (C) Secuence of events:
- a. The energy mortar section moved into firing positions vicinity of AR823477. The movement to firing positions, the attack, and subsequent withdrawal were conducted during the hours of darkness.
- b. The general direction and distance of the enemy positions were not confirmed. Friendly mortar concentrations, a portion of the counter mortar defense plan, were fired immediately after the attack began. Gunships were scrambled but no visual confirmation of the enemy positions could be made. The enemy had stopped fring and was probably displacing once the gunships became airborns.
- c. During he attack the post was on 50% alert. Primary targets of the attack were the equipment and billets areas. Factors that may have influenced the enemy choice of time and duration of the attack and target areas are:
- (1) Previous enemy a tacks have failed to significantly charge our support capabilities through destruction of aircraft and support facilities as privary targets.
- (2) Perso nel are extremely vulnerable during short violent mortar attacks when the post is not on 100% alert.
- (3) The attack started when the flare-ship landed to re-fuel, and the relief ship could not be started due to mainte ance difficulty. During previous attacks within the Pleiku rea, reports indicated the enem has waited to commence firing until there were no aircraft air orne to detect through serial observation the enemy's firing positions.
 - 3. (C) \$ignificant intellegence Information:
- a. A sweep of the area at first light by the 52d Security Detachment resulted in no visible evidence of VC casualties. No equipment was found. Villagers in Flei honu state that two platcons of VC had arrived outside their village at 0200 hours that morning from the northeast. At the time of the attack, the flare-ship was refueling and there was no aircraft over Camp Holloway. There have been several instances where an attack has occured in this area during the absence of flare-ship

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coverage. The possibility exist that the "Country of his ward several hours in the hope that the Tourist and file of his ward detection by flare-ships."

4. (C) Damage informat...:

a. The following personnel received treatment at the Camp Holloway Dispensary and were released:

NAi ZZ	!	UUUT	
CPT HOWLING	Duane L. Lawrence A. David W. Lichael B. Frnest R. Kenneth W. JOHN C. James E.	170th 604th	Trans Det Med Det AHC HC AHC ASHC ASHC A-HC

b. Major items of equipment damaged or destroyed:

Camp dolloway:

TYPE	UNLT	A/C#	TYPE DAMAGE
0H-1H 0H-1H 0H-1H UH-1H	119th 119th 119th 119th 119th	609 535 520 522 525	Minor: Tail boom, two holes Hinor: Fuselage a tail boom Minor: Fail boom Hole in A/C windshield Hinor: Fain rotor blade

(2) The following damage was sustained by equipment other than aircraft:

TYPE	OHILL.	DALAGE
3/4T H37 (1) 1/4T M151 (1) 1/4T M151 (1) 2-1/2T M35A2 (1) 1-1/2T Trailer (1) 2-1/2T Tanker H49A2C (1) 3/4T Trailer (1)	119th AIC 119th AHC 119th AHC 5 th AHC 57th AHC 344th AOD 344th AOD	Light damage moderate damage meavy damage Light damage Light damage Light damage Light damage

INCL 4

SUBJECT: After Action Report of End y Attacks on holloway Army Airfield (52d CAB) 1 Feb through 30 April (U)

- 1. (C) General: Camp Hellowey, Pleilu, RVN, was attacked on 050310 March 68 by a mortar section of the 408th Sapper Battalian. Fifty (50) rounds fired from two (2) 82mm mortars fell within the billets and equipment complex at Camp Holloway.
- 2. (C) Sequence of Events:
- a. The enemy moved to and established their firing position at AR823477. They launched their attack at 0310 hours. The attack lasted approximately fifteen (15) minutes.
- b. Immediately after the attack was initiated, friendly countermortar fire was employed. Gunships were scrambled, and supporting artillery was called.
- c. Within minutes after the initiation of friendly fire, the enemy incoming rounds reduced in intensity. Within fifteen minutes, enemy fire had ceased.
- . d. Artillery H and I fires were utilized on suspected exfiltration routes. A mobile reaction force was employed to interdict the energy's withdrawal. This force did not make contact.
- 3. (C) An agent report on 1 Barch 68 stated that elements of the 402th Sapper Battalion were located in the vicinity AR843537. The agent further stated that a cache built for the purpose of storing mertar tubes and equipment was located approximately one (1) kilometre north of Camp Holloway. This information corresponds to a previous PW report on 18 Feb 68, describing the general location of the 80th Co, 40th Sepper Battalion. This company appears to move from day to day in a 10-15 square kilometre area north-cast of Camp Holloway. He other V.C. units have been known to operate in this area since the V.C. 3d District Local Forces Company was decimated on 30-31 January 1968.
- 4. (C) Darlage Information:
 - a. Personnel:
- (1) The following named personnel received treatment at Camp Holloway Dispensary and were released:

WIL		<u> Uril</u>	The experience of the control of the
	, Larry W. Clarence E. , Richael J.	119th AHC 170th AHC 170th AHC	OROTP A Downgrald of a very intervals De lassified after all many

CW3 BARNES, Thomas W. Jr.

CW4 MATTIE, Vernon C.

PFC CREWS, Charlie S.

SFC REEVES, Ualmond C.

179th / mg

Trans lat

(2) Equipment other than rirefull which received damage:

TYPE	UNIT	DAMAGE
1/4T H151 (1) 3/4T H37B1 (1) 3/4T H37B1 (1) 2-1/2T H37B2 Cgo (2) 2-1/2T L49A2C Tanker(1) 2-1/2T H49A2C Tanker(1) 5T M52A2 Tractor 3/4T H37B1 (1) 2-1/2T H109A2 (1) 3/4T M37B1 (1) 2-1/2T H35A2 Cgo (1) 3/4T M37B1 (1)	189th AHC 169th AHC 169th AHC 189th AHC 189th AHC 189th AHC 189th AHC 189th AHC 170th AHC 170th AHC 179th AHC 179th AHC	Light Damage Light Damage Heavy Damage Moderate Damage Hoderate Damage Light Damage Moderate Damage Moderate Damage Light Damage Moderate Damage Light Damage Light Damage Light Damage Light Damage

NOTE: No aircraft Damaged.

- 5. (C) Planned Actions and Recormendations:
- a. Due to the number of simular attacks directed against this installation, planned actions and recommendations remain the same as planned actions have been completed.
- b. Recommendations that require action by higher headquarters have not been completed and should be reviewed for further action. The following recommendations pertinent to passive and active defense that remain outstanding are listed below:
 - (1) Additional personnel to augment the 52d Security Det.
- (2) Additional fire support weapons, i.e., recoilless rifles and heavy mortars.
- c. Consideration should be given to augment the 52d Security Detachment and increase its capability. The detachment can not secure the assigned area of operations to Proclude the caployment of enemy portars which have constituted a major portion of demage to the eviation assets on Camp Holloway.

INCL_3

SUBJECT: After Action Report of Energy Attacks on Holloway Army Airfield (52d CAB) 1 Feb through 30 April (U)

- 1. (C) General: Camp Holloway, Fleiku, RVN, was attacked by an enemy mertar section utilizing two (2) 82mm nortar tubes at 0250 hours on 6 March 1968. The attack lasted approximately four (4) minutes.
- 2. (C) Sequence of Events:
- c. The unit, an estimated fifteen (15) to twenty (20) men, approached their firing position at LR827484 from the foothills vicinity LR8550 through the village of Flei Thung (LR8351).
- b. As the enemy launched their attack, the flashes of their tubes were observed by personnel in the tower and the gunner on a .50 cal. nachinegun located on the NE side of our perimeter. The enemy position was immediately taken under fire by the 50 cal., friendly nortars were called in on the position and gun-ships were launched.
- c. All ost immediately after friendly fire was brought to bear on the energy, the in-coming mortar rounds ceased. At first light, the Security Platoen swept the area. One (1) 82mm mortar round which had been damaged by shrapmed was found. A blood trail led from the firing position north approximately fifty (50) meters and stepped (man probably tracted at this point).
- d. The Security Plateen proceeded to the village of Flei Thung (ARS351). The village chief told them the enemy had entered the village from the NE at 2400 hours, pushing bicycles with two (2) marter tubes attached. After the attack, the enemy again passed through the village and proceeded to the NE, probably returning to a base area in the feethills vicinity ARS752. The Security Flateen did not attempt to follow.
- 3. (C) Ernage Report:
- a. The following personnel were WIA, treated at Comp Holloway Dispensary and released:

UNIT

PVT FULLER, James A. ST4 WEIGHS, Mervin R.

179th ASHC 170th AHC

Donorial Property Section

IUCL

(1) The full out of the season is the broken at at Coop.

TIL	UNIN	45.27	MNLGE
105-16	1:00h	66-13520	i ajor Denago-(Turn-In)
105-16	109th	66-13523	Minor Denago
16-16	119th	66-13527	Minor Denago
15-16	170th	66-16616	Minor Denago

(2) The following denego was sustained by equipment other

	THIT	PACAGE
3/AT 137E1 (1)	119th	Light Dennge
3/AT 137E1 (1)	57th	Ecovy Drinage
3-1/2T 145A2 (1)	57th	Hodornae Damage
1/41 K131 (1)	179th	Foderate Damage
2-1/2T 149A20 (1)	110th	Hodornae Damage
2-1/2T 149A20 (1)	170th	Hodornae Damage

- 4. (C) Flarmed Actions and Recommendations:
 - a. Planted actions: No olonge from provinces recents.
- b. Recommendations: One of the indiginate personnel of their Thung be hired to a friendly a cent and given on IN radio. This individual could then relay current information concerning their activity, even into us who if Corps in.

INCL /

EVELECT: After Action Report of Dressy Abtroks on Helloway Army Airfield (52d CAB) 1 Feb through M. April (4)

1. (C) General: Garp Holbert, Floike, LVM, was attacked by two (2) 82nm morter tubes of an enemy element in support of the 405th NVM. Sappor Battalian at 0100 hours on 10 harch 1968. The morter attack lested approximately ten (10) minutes and was concentrated against the 88th 88S En and the 528 CMB billets areas.

2. (C) Sequence of Events:

- a. The norter element, an estimated 15-20 man force, approached their firing position from the east. The two porters located in the vicinity of ARS27484 opened fire on the Camp Holloway Complex, and between 0100 and 0110 hours forty rounds were fired into the billets area. The heaviest concentration fell into the 88th S&S Bn billets area.
- b. The enemy rorter locations were not confirmed but issuediately following the incoming rounds, friendly counter morter, artillery, and gunships fire were brought to bear on the suspected positions. Within minutes incoming fire coased.
- c. The subsequent enemy withdrawal was undetected. Artillery fire was called into interdict.

3. (C) Significant Intelligence:

a. Aprtar positions for the attack were located approximately 50 meters from the morth repositions used for the 6 harch attack against Cap Welleway. Trails leading north from the vertar positions to the river crossing point again indicate the VC used Plei Thung village as a thoroughfore into the area. Only one intelligence report indicating an attack was received prior to the attack, a radio reading on 7 Forch north of the river line, assumed to be recon persennel. Although it is assumed that the 400th is the responsible unit for the attack, the fact that the attack was coordinated, with portars against Holloway and New Pleiku, and a sapper attack against the rock quarry, leads to the conclusion that the 408th, understrength at the present, was supported by enother unit. There was one agent report of a K-26 Sapper En, although currently unaccepted in ereor of battle, has been reported by three PW's, two from the 408th and in one document. The K-28 supported the 408th Sappor Bn on the 30th and 31st of January in the attack on Fleiku.

4. (C) Prince Information:

CHOUP 24

Downgrad Lat Bossar intervals

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a. The following them I were UIA, treated at Camp Holloway Dispensary and released:

NATE

UNIT

WO1 HAWKINS, Dan A.

170th AHC

The 88th S&S Bn had ten WIA's names omitted.

b. The following damage was sustained by equipment other than aircraft:

TYPE		UNIT	DAL AGE
1/4T veh Bldg#6134 2 Bldgs 2 Bldgs 1 chair, office 2 desks 2 file cabinet 4 tents Freezer Cabinet Telephone The 31 chair species Dispenser, wat Tank, Liquid,	ets 312 11 service er	189th 189th 119th 170th 88th 88th 88th 88th 88th 88th	Light Danage Light Danage Light Danage Light Danage

5. (G) Flanned actions and recommendations:

a. Due to the number of simular attacks on this complex, planned actions and recommendations have been emitted.

COMMINHORNIAL

INCL 3

SUBJECT: After action Persit of Phosp Atachis on Holloway Army Airfield (52d CAB) 1 Feb share a 10 April 10

- 1. (C) 29020 Mar 68
- 2. (C) Fuffy-second Combat Avistica Battalien
- 3. (C) LR801470

UH-1C

INCL

66**–**15037

- 4. (C) Mortar, 20 VC, 33 rounds, 82mm.
- 5. (C) a. 57th AHC

•	['	
TYPE	<u>i./c#</u>	D/114GE
UH-1II	66-1711	windscreen M/R blades scissors levers.
UH-1H	66-1617	Tyw blaces
	b. 119th	AHC
UH-1H	66-1618	Light: heles in tail-been
UH-1H	66–1653	
UH-1H	66-1660	
	c. 170th	r F/C
UH-1 H	66 – 995	Moderate: holes in tail-been, fuselage,
UH-1H	67-17246	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
UH-111	67-17273	G THE THE TAN TOWARD BOOKING 1/16 DICKUGS,
UH-1H	66–16392	fuselage Heavy: Direct hit to mast head. Extensive sheet metal and components replacement necessary
	d. 189th /	HC
UH-1C	66-15213	
UH-1C	66-690	blade, drive shaft and fuselage Moderate: holes in tail-boom, fuselage,
UE1C	66-696	M/R T/R blades Foderate: holes in tail have for l
UH-1C	66-694	Moderate: holes in tail-boom, fuselage
10	90-074	Moderate: holes in tail-boor, fuselage,

M/R blades

Light: holes in tail-boom and T/R blades

C(DNHIDENIIAL

e. 219th Recon Apla Co

0-1 D

57-2966

Hory: folcs in ongine, fuselage.

6. (C) Following personnel were WIA, treated at Camp Holloway Dispensary and released:

M.ME

L/SCH, Roger N. WO1 BOIVIN, David L. M/J LEVA, Neil I. MAJ BOWENS, Charlie Jr. PVT CONNORS, Jerald T. SP5

UNIT

179th ASHC 52d CAB 189th AHC 405th Trans Det 179th AHC

An additional nine personnel were wounded from the 28th S&S Bn and 85th E.O.D. names have been omitted.

- 7. (C) One of the OP's spotted flashes from the enemy tubes and called in counter mortar fire. Gunships were deployed from MAF
- 8. (C) VC ceased fire and withdrew.
- 9. (C) Bn went on 100% alert ten minutes prior to mortar attack, due to explosion in ARVN ASP. Personnel were on way to bunkers or already covered positions. Counter mortar fire engaged target. Personnel moved in calm and efficient manner.
- 10. (C) LTC Lehman, Commanding Officer 52d CAB.
- 11. (C) 52d CAB